CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

A method of operating a homogeneous-charge compression ignition
(HCCI) engine, comprising:

mixing air, fuel and an acetylene-based component to form a combustion mixture; and

compressing said combustion mixture to induce auto-ignition of said combustion mixture, releasing energy and converting said combustion mixture to exhaust gas.

- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein said acetylene-based component consists essentially of acetylene.
- 3. The method of claim 1 wherein said acetylene-based component comprises acetylene and hydrogen.
- 4. The method of claim 1 wherein said combustion mixture further comprises engine exhaust.
- 5. The method of claim 1 further comprising producing said acetylenebased component using a plasma generator.
- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein said plasma generator uses a voltage and a frequency to produce said acetylene-based component.

- 7. The method of claim 1 further comprising producing said acetylenebased component with a thermal reactor.
- 8. The method of claim 1 further comprising drawing said combustion mixture into a cylinder of said HCCI engine.
- 9. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of mixing air, fuel and an acetylene-based component occurs within a cylinder of said HCCl engine.
- 10. The method of claim 1 wherein based on 100 parts by weight of said fuel, said acetylene-based component constitutes up to 20 parts by weight of said fuel.
- 11. The method of claim 10 wherein said acetylene-based component constitutes at least 2 parts by weight of said fuel.
- 12. The method of claim 1 further comprising exhausting said exhaust gas.

13. A method of operating a homogeneous-charge compression ignition (HCCI) engine between a high load condition and a low load condition, comprising:

controlling a supply of an acetylene-based component based on a load of said engine;

controlling a supply of a fuel based on said load of said engine;

mixing air, said fuel and said acetylene-based component to form a combustion mixture; and

compressing said combustion mixture to induce auto-ignition of said combustion mixture and convert said combustion mixture to exhaust gas.

- 14. The method of claim 13 wherein said acetylene-based component consists essentially of acetylene.
- 15. The method of claim 13 wherein said acetylene-based component comprises acetylene and hydrogen.
- 16. The method of claim 13 wherein said combustion mixture further comprises engine exhaust.
- 17. The method of claim 13, wherein said step of controlling a supply of said acetylene-based component comprises maintaining a consistent supply regardless of said load.

- 18. The method of claim 13 wherein said step of controlling a supply of said acetylene-based component comprises terminating said supply when said load is high.
- 19. The method of claim 13 wherein said step of controlling a supply of said acetylene-based component comprises increasing said supply as said load decreases.
- 20. The method of claim 13 wherein said step of controlling a mixture amount of said fuel comprises reducing said mixture amount as said load decreases.
- 21. The method of claim 13 further comprising producing said acetylenebased component using a plasma generator.
- 22. The method of claim 21 wherein said plasma generator uses an a voltage and a frequency to produce said acetylene-based component.
- 23. The method of claim 13 further comprising producing said acetylenebased component using a thermal reactor.
- 24. The method of claim 13 further comprising drawing said combustion mixture into a cylinder of said HCCl engine.

- 25. The method of claim 13 wherein said step of mixing air, fuel and said acetylene-based component occurs within a cylinder of said HCCl engine.
- 26. The method of claim 13 further comprising injecting an amount said acetylene-based component within a range of up to 20 weight % of said fuel.

27. A vehicle driven by a homogeneous-charge compression ignition (HCCI) engine, comprising:

a fuel supply that supplies a hydrocarbon fuel in a first amount;

an acetylene supply that supplies an acetylene-based component in a second amount; and

a cylinder having a piston reciprocally driven therein, said cylinder receiving a combustion mixture including a third amount of air, said first amount of hydrocarbon fuel and said second amount of said acetylene-based component, wherein said piston compresses said combustion mixture to induce auto-ignition of said combustion mixture.

- 28. The vehicle of claim 27 wherein said acetylene-based component consists essentially of acetylene.
- 29. The vehicle of claim 27 wherein said acetylene-based component comprises acetylene and hydrogen.
- 30. The vehicle of claim 27 wherein said combustion mixture further comprises engine exhaust.
- 31. The vehicle of claim 27 further comprising an inlet valve movable between an open position and a closed position, wherein when in said open position said inlet valve enables a flow of said combustion mixture into said cylinder.

32. The vehicle of claim 27 further comprising:

a fuel injector that selectively injects said first amount of said hydrocarbon fuel into said cylinder;

an acetylene injector that injects said second amount of said acetylenebased component into said cylinder; and

an inlet valve movable between an open position and a closed position, wherein when in said open position said inlet valve enables a flow of said third amount of said air into said cylinder to mix with said hydrocarbon fuel and said acetylene-based component to produce said combustion mixture.

- 33. The vehicle of claim 27 wherein said acetylene supply is a plasma generator that converts a portion of said hydrocarbon fuel to produce said second amount of said acetylene-based component.
- 34. The vehicle of claim 27 wherein said second amount of said acetylene-based component is up to 20 weight % of said fuel.
- 35. The vehicle of claim 27, wherein said second amount of said acetylene-based component varies based on a load of said HCCI engine.
- 36. The vehicle of claim 27, wherein said second amount of said acetylene-based component remains constant regardless of a load of said HCCI engine.